

## WORLD HISTORY: Chapter 24 Review

1. How did the United States help cause the failure of the League of Nations? **They didn't join it.**
2. What was the book written by Adolph Hitler while in prison and what does it translate to? **Mein Kampf or My Struggle.**
3. What did the Treaty of Locarno guarantee? **Germany's new western borders with France and Belgium**
4. What did John Maynard Keynes argue with regard to unemployment? **That unemployment came from a decline in demand, demand increased by putting people back to work.**
5. What was the purpose of Stalin's Five Year Plans? **Transform Russia from an agricultural into an industrial country.**
6. How did the Enabling Act allow Hitler to establish a totalitarian state? **It gave the govt. power to ignore the constitution for up to 4 years while it dealt with the country's problems.**
7. What was *Kristallnacht*? **The first of the violent phase of the Nazi's attacks on Jews and Jewish properties.**
8. What literary works did Hermann Hesse write? **Siddhartha and Steppenwolf**
9. Who was the director of the Nazi secret forces? **Heinrich Himmler**
10. How did the Dawes Plan help deal with the runaway inflation in German inflation? **It reduced reparations, coordinated German's repayments and granted a \$200 million loan for German recovery and American investment.**
11. What do we call a period of low economic activity and rising unemployment? **Depression**
12. Explain how Fascism glorifies the state above the individual. **Emphasizes the need for a strong central govt. led by a dictatorial ruler.**
13. Who led the Spanish military in a revolt against the democratic government? **Francisco Franco**
14. Describe the Nuremberg laws? **Described who was a Jew, forbade Jewish citizenship, marriages between Jews and Germans, Jews couldn't take part in the arts.**
15. The state was glorified over the individual in fascist Italy and the government controlled the people and did not tolerate this. **Opposition**
16. Why did many Germans accept Hitler and the Nazis? **He appealed to their sense of Nationalism and Militarism.**
17. What did Dadaists try to express in their art? **The insanity of life.**
18. James Joyce's novel *Ulysses* is the most famous example of what technique? **Stream of Consciousness**

19. How did collectivization under Stalin affect Russia? **It led to widespread famine**
20. Who owned the farms in the collective system in Russia? **The government**
21. What type of government did Italy have under Mussolini (list several terms to describe it)?  
**Fascist, Dictatorship**
22. What percent of Italy's youth belonged to a fascist group by 1939? **66%**
23. Which U.S. President is responsible for the New Deal? **Franklin Roosevelt**
24. During what war did Hitler destroy the city of Guernica, Spain as a way to test the new weapons of Germany's revived air force? **Spanish Civil War**
25. Germany and Italy were both \_\_\_\_\_ **Totalitarian** \_\_\_\_\_ states.
26. What was the *uncertainty principle* and who created it? **All physical laws are based on uncertainty, Werner Heisenberg**
27. Read "The Hitler Youth" on page 810. According to the Membership Oath of the Hitler Youth, Hitler was the what of Germany? **Saviour of our Country**
28. Describe the surrealism art movement. **A movement that tries to show the greater reality that exists beyond the world of physical appearances.**
29. Nazi party rallies were held in this German city. **Nuremberg**
30. What was the German democratic state created after World War I? **Weimar Republic**
31. This was a novel that used Buddhist ideas to show the confusion of modern existence.  
**Siddharta**
32. The Spanish dictator that received weapons from Germany, Italy and the Soviet Union.  
**Francisco Franco**
33. The German parliament was known as this. **Reichstag**
34. This was Stalin's economic plan to revive the economy through industrialization. **5 year plans**
35. A period of low economic activity and rising unemployment is known as this. **Depression**
36. This is a political philosophy that emphasizes the need for a strong central government led by a dictator. **Fascism**
37. This was a modified capitalist system Lenin used to avoid economic disaster. **New Economic Policy**

38. This was a system in which private farms were eliminated and the government owned the land in Russia. **Collectivization**

39. These laws excluded Jews from German citizenship. **Nuremberg Laws**

40. What was the Nazi program that offered leisure time activities to fill the free time of the working class? **Strength Through Joy(Kraft durch Freude)**